

# The Washington Times

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FRANK A. MUSEY

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MONDAY EVENING, NOV. 22, 1909.

## Comparative NET Daily Circulation of The Times and The Star for October:

The Times.....42,512  
The Star.....36,770

## JUST A WORD FOR FAIR PLAY.

The Taft Administration is to be congratulated on the brilliant victory of the Government in the Standard Oil case; but it is quite unnecessary, and entirely useless, for newspapers and publicists which chance to entertain special grievances against the Roosevelt regime, to go out of their way, as the New York World does, to impress that this is a victory of the Taft and not of the Roosevelt Administration.

This litigation was started by order of Theodore Roosevelt. He selected the special counsel engaged in the case. He took profound and intimate personal interest in it, and backed the prosecution in every possible way. Almost all the immense task of making and presenting the case to the Circuit Court of Appeals had been completed when the Roosevelt Administration went out of office. The Government's victory was even then strongly forecast by people who knew the case that had been made and were familiar with the law and decisions under which it must be determined.

The Roosevelt Administration started this case, and the Taft Administration's excellent corps of lawyers must now carry it through the Supreme Court. There is every reason to believe that in future it will be handled with the same ability and energy that have marked its management in the past. But there will be small gain for the public interest, or for anybody's political interest, in connection with it, if unfair effort is made to place the burden of credit and of responsibility.

In connection with the sugar frauds and their investigation, it has been repeatedly charged, and there is at least superficial evidence of justification for the charge, that tremendous zeal displayed in certain journalistic quarters was attributable to desire to reflect discredit on the Roosevelt Administration because it didn't go to the bottom of these things and punish the guilty parties. All this sort of inspired misrepresentation of the last Administration will be useless and utterly ineffective so far as concerns breaking Theodore Roosevelt's hold on public confidence. It will not aid the new Administration in its efforts to press forward the Roosevelt policies; and it will not increase the public's estimate of the sincerity of organs which try thus to create discord and faction in the Republican party.

## DIVORCE RATE IN THE UNITED STATES.

No observer of conditions in the United States can fail to be startled or can examine without apprehension the remarkable series of facts concerning divorce presented in two large volumes of statistical reports recently issued by the Bureau of the Census. The data therein set forth is not reassuring to those who believe the foundations of the republic rest on the integrity of the home.

It is shown by these statistics there are far more divorces, both in number and percentage, granted in the United States than in any European country. In Japan alone, for the figures exceed those of this country. More than this, the number of divorces and the percentage of divorces to marriages is constantly increasing. From 1870 to 1906 the rate of divorce nearly trebled. The number of divorces granted in this country in 1906 was 72,062.

Not the least important phase of the situation is that the evil has been growing even more rapidly in the last half dozen years than it did previous to that time. Foremost among all the causes for divorce is desertion.

Along with divorce, the subject of marriage has to be considered. It is found that marriages are always fewer when there is financial depression. Hard times invariably tend to pull down the marriage rate. The percentage of marriage is greater in the South than in the North, though the West is rapidly increasing its percentage. The percentage has been decreasing to some extent in the North Atlantic and North Central States, while increasing in other parts of the nation. Oklahoma, Arkansas, and Texas have the highest marriage rate.

The Government experts calculate the divorce rate has not yet reached its maximum. They calculate that not fewer than one marriage in every sixteen will be dissolved by divorce, and that the ratio may be even more than that.

It appears the courts are doing little

to head off divorce, three out of four petitions for divorce being granted. It must follow that nothing but more stringent legislation will reach to the evil.

## GEORGE E. ROBERTS ON THE CENTRAL BANK.

Former Director of the Mint George E. Roberts, who is one of the ablest advocates of the central bank system, and who steadfastly advocated it while he was in the Treasury Department and before he became president of the Commercial National Bank of Chicago, has again spoken out strongly in behalf of a great central financial institution. Mr. Roberts' arguments are worth consideration for the reason that he ranks as one of the ablest students of finance in this country, and contrasts favorably with some of the half-baked financial experts who are now plentifully springing up, and who will doubtless thrive plentifully now that the country is confronted with a great agitation of the question of currency reform. Mr. Roberts' arguments are not to be accepted as settling the mooted central bank question, but they have a large measure of force, and are entitled to thought on the part of those who are convinced the central bank plan cannot be fitted to our American system of banking.

Mr. Roberts points out that under the present system in a time of panic, the banks are perfectly helpless, and at the first sign of alarm they begin to hoard money, which merely makes a bad matter worse.

"If an alarm starts, if a big house stubs its toe, and an unusual demand for cash comes at any time, the banks are helpless, although perfectly solvent," says Mr. Roberts. "We can do nothing but import gold, a slow and costly process."

According to Mr. Roberts, it is not the intention to copy any foreign system, and what is done must be by way of addition to the present system. Existing banking facilities are not to be impaired, he says, in the slightest degree. Nor are local banks to be interfered with. The central institution proposed is not to take deposits, but will stand behind the existing banks with the note-issuing power in case of need. This, he says, would give the banks confidence, and would stop the selfish policy of hoarding cash, which at the first sign of trouble paralyzes the whole system.

Much of what Mr. Roberts says is to the point. It is undoubtedly true that the Monetary Commission does not propose to adopt bodily one of the foreign central banking systems.

Senator Aldrich, in his Western trip, would probably have made more converts had he been able to tell the country just what sort of a central bank was proposed. As yet, the public is in the dark on this point. The trouble at the bottom of the whole business, however, is the question of how the control of the proposed central bank is to be kept out of the powerful financiers of New York and a few Eastern banks. Mr. Roberts has not solved this difficulty to the satisfaction of the public, and it will be the greatest obstacle in the way of the Monetary Commission. At this distance, it does not look as if a solution which will satisfy the interior and the general public will be reached.

## DO YOU CARE TO GET BEHIND THE MUNICIPAL LEAGUE?

Out in Cincinnati eyes were turned to Washington yesterday. The National Municipal League was alive to our needs. Its members adopted resolutions favoring a reform of the District budget.

You haven't done anything like that. You don't even know whether or not the form of the District budget concerns you. But the National Municipal League does, and it acts.

Think over it a little. You pay the taxes. Is it worth while to you to have the accounts on which those taxes are expended set forth in simple, plain, businesslike fashion? Or don't you care that they are set forth so that the whole craft of puzzle-makers can't tell where to look for any single item?

You pay the taxes. Maybe you would like to get behind the National Municipal League.

## WHAT INCREASED COST OF LIVING MEANS.

In many respects the increasing cost of living is the most remarkable manifestation of the times.

It is complained of in all quarters of the nation, and it is receiving the attention of thinking men generally. It is no longer a matter of dispute that the cost of living is advancing and that at a rate that is causing apprehension. The cause, or causes, of this tendency, is something on which not all are agreed. The phenomenon is not the less interesting in that it is not confined in its effects to the United States.

One phase of the increased cost of living, however, has been given less attention than most other phases of it. This relates to the effects on the nation of such advancement in cost. What are some of these effects?

Increased cost of living means the consumer must economize and adopt a new standard of living. In this case, at least, the consumer is no myth. He finds himself a reality. He must devote his income only to essentials, or largely so. Luxuries have to be eliminated and study has to be given to the problem of making the dollar go as far as possible.

In so far as the increased cost of liv-

ing does not strip the average family of the essentials, it is not calamitous. But in many cases, it is likely to go beyond that and deprive of actual necessities. Nor are necessities to be reckoned merely as food and clothing. Education is to be regarded as a necessity, and if the boy or girl is forced to work for a livelihood or to help support the family sooner than he otherwise would, then the increased cost of living becomes not merely a serious problem for the family, but a grave national problem. If workers or the families of workers are in any respect impairing their efficiency because of higher living cost, then, too, the problem is one of grave national import. This means that the strength of the nation is being weakened at its roots.

Extensive as is the notice given to the advancement in cost of living, it deserves more intimate inspection and study along the lines here indicated. It is impossible to read the story of the rescue of a score of miners from the St. Paul mine at Cherry, after they had been entombed for a week, without realizing that the days of heroism and real capacity to endure the extremes of suffering are not yet passed. In the whole dismal story of mining disasters, there is nothing more moving and wonderful than this. The saving of those men through the brains and leadership of George Eddy, one of the mine examiners, in building a barrier to wall out the deadly gases, is one of the most remarkable of romances.

It is a striking testimonial to the value of cool-headedness and understanding, and to the truth of that old proverb, that truth is stranger than fiction.

It has taken four years and more to smash the Standard Oil Company. Meantime, other big combinations have been perfected so rapidly that the Department of Justice will have to work night and day if it ever hopes to overturn all of them. It is a curious fact that just as the Standard has been crushed, there should come the announcement that an even bigger combination, the telephone and telegraph merger, has been formed, and that a copper merger of tremendous proportions is forming.

It is likely the Nicaraguan situation will be easier for the Administration to deal than the split in the Republican party.

It appears to be a particularly rough joke for the Standard Oil Company to develop hookworm at this time.

Football seems in danger of being kicked to death.

## Votes for Women.

Ladies who are opposed to woman suffrage have been holding a convention in New York. One of the strange things about it is that they have received no encouragement from Premier Asquith, of England.—Chicago Record-Herald.

In view of the Crane episode how could a woman ever hope to be a successful diplomat?—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

If the suffragettes could get Dr. Cook to plant their "Votes for Women" banner on top of Mt. McKinley the next time he goes up!—Newark Star.

Lady Cook, formerly Tennessee Clarin, has arrived in New York to boost the suffragette movement. Lady Cook, true to her name, wants to see that even women can reach the polls.—Houston Post.

## Inspired by Mr. Taft

"Stay on the farm," is the advice of President Taft; which may be regarded by the farmer as a selfish scheme to keep him out of the White House.—Salt Lake Tribune.

A headline in a Southern newspaper read: "Taft hurrying home to greet wife." Perhaps he is going to explain about that sweetheart of his discovered out in the State of Washington.—New Haven Journal-Courier.

Mr. Taft bewails the limitations which have been set about the authority of the President. It was not noticed that his predecessor was hampered by these limitations.—Rochester Herald.

One advantage of a Republican form of government was instanced when Taft met Diaz. There was no kissing.—Louisville Times.

## White House Callers

Mr. Justice White.  
Mr. Justice Brewer.  
Secretary of War Dickinson.  
Secretary of Interior Ballinger.  
The Ambassador to Germany and Mrs. David Jayne Hill.  
Senators Burrows, of Michigan.  
Lodge, of Massachusetts.  
Sutherland, of Utah.  
Warner, of Missouri.  
Borah, of Idaho.  
Representatives Martin, of South Dakota.  
Mann, of Illinois.  
Foster, of Vermont.

To the editor of The Washington Times:  
Dominic Palaco, held as train wrecker, was a track walker in the tunnel, his hours of work being from 5 p. m. to 7 a. m.—fourteen hours. Aside from the conscious dissatisfaction which led him to attempt a crime, would not these prolonged hours of night labor have their unconscious effect upon his soul, not only through the physical, but also through their psychic influence?—L. C. K.

## Yesterday's Sunday Evening Edition of The Washington Times

Again demonstrated, in NEWS, in CIRCULATION, and in ADVERTISING, the necessity of the issue of a newspaper between midnight Saturday night and 5 o'clock Monday morning.

### It contained:

The thrilling story of the million-dollar looting of the treasury of the Big Four railroad and its blackmailing incidents.  
The latest news of John Jacob Astor's yacht, with its owner and his young son aboard, missing for twelve days in the path of the West Indian hurricane.  
Latest details of the marvelous escape of twenty-two miners buried for a week in the burning St. Paul mine.  
Details of the investigations of the Congressional committee in the Panama Canal Zone by The Times staff correspondent who accompanied the committee.  
Attractive Society and Woman's Pages.  
Best information obtainable on the trend of the stock and other markets.

The Sunday Evening Edition of The Times Is a Newspaper Printing All the Worthwhile News of the World.

# Miss Elizabeth Bouvier Walsh Is Entertaining Season's Debutantes at Informal Tea Today

Daughter of Mrs. Chalers Harper Walsh Makes Bow Dec. 9.

Misses Holbrook, Kirby, and Boutell Assist in Receiving Guests.

Miss Elizabeth Bouvier Walsh, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harper Walsh, who will be presented at a tea on December 9, will entertain a party of the season's debutantes informally at tea this afternoon at 5 o'clock in her home, 3021 H street.

Miss Katherine Holbrook, Miss Florence Kirby and Miss Alice Boutell will assist Miss Walsh receive her guests and dispense the hospitalities of the afternoon.

Miss Walsh will wear a dainty gown of flame color silk trimmed with lace.

The tea table will be adorned with a centerpiece of pink roses and ferns.

Mrs. William Beiden Noble will entertain at a tea tomorrow afternoon in celebration of the birthday of her daughter, Miss David Yulee Noble, whose marriage to Lieut. Sherman Miles, U. S. A. takes place at noon Wednesday in St. John's Church.

Mrs. Foster To Entertain Mrs. Hill.  
Mrs. John W. Foster will be at home informally from 4 to 5 o'clock this afternoon in compliment to Mrs. David Jayne Hill. Mrs. Foster will be assisted by Miss Dorothy Van Dyke, of Princeton, who is the guest of Mrs. Hill during her stay in Washington, and by Mrs. Robert Lansing, the daughter of the hostess.

Mrs. Carroll Is Guest of Honor.  
Mrs. Pierce Crosby entertained a large party at luncheon today in honor of Mrs. William Carroll.  
Mr. and Mrs. John B. Henderson entertained a luncheon company yesterday at "Boundary Castle" in honor of the American Ambassador to Germany and Mrs. David Jayne Hill and the American Minister to Norway and Mrs. H. H. D. Peirce.

## In the Mail Bag

The Times will accept for publication in its Mail Bag column, short, vigorous letters on question of public interest. It cannot undertake to publish letters exceeding 250 words, and reserves the right rigidly to condense communications which are of greater length. Letters must contain the name and address of the writer, but these will not be published if request to that effect is made.

To the Editor of The Washington Times:  
Dear Sir—I notice a recent public statement to the effect that not all of our ambassadors are by any means agreed as to the advisability of the Government purchasing residences for our diplomatic representatives in foreign countries. Having just returned from a visit to all the capitals of Europe, during which I met and talked with all our American ambassadors and ministers, save three, who were absent, I found all, with one exception, not only in favor of the movement organized by the American Embassy Association for the purchase of proper residences for our diplomatic representatives abroad, but enthusiastically in favor of this movement. I am,  
Yours very truly,  
JAMES B. TOWNSEND.  
New York, Nov. 17, 1909.

To the Editor of The Washington Times:  
I am glad to see in your editorial columns of today one good word for football, written by one who understands the game.  
I do not want to see football go. As you have said, it is the one great game that teaches fair play, manliness, self-control, and self-reliance, not to be lightly cast aside because of an agitation by a few men and women who do not understand the game.  
Let's give the rules committee a chance.  
Hurry up the referee to stop the piling up on the ball. Maybe widen the distance between the men in the line. Compel every man to wear a proper headgear, such a headgear might have prevented Archer Christian's death.  
Have we not enough mollycoddlers? Let's save the game.  
HALFBACK.  
Washington, D. C., Nov. 18, 1909.

To the editor of The Washington Times:  
Dominic Palaco, held as train wrecker, was a track walker in the tunnel, his hours of work being from 5 p. m. to 7 a. m.—fourteen hours. Aside from the conscious dissatisfaction which led him to attempt a crime, would not these prolonged hours of night labor have their unconscious effect upon his soul, not only through the physical, but also through their psychic influence?—L. C. K.



MISS ELIZABETH B. WALSH.

## Miss Slater to Wed Russian Diplomat

Miss Eleanor Slater, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Slater, will be married to Boris de Struve, formerly attached to the Russian embassy at Washington, and now connected with the foreign office at St. Petersburg, today in the Russian Church in Paris. Mr. de Struve and his bride will spend their honeymoon at Biarritz.

Senator and Mrs. George Peabody Wetmore will close their Newport residence within the next few days and come to Washington for the winter season.

The United States Minister to Norway and Mrs. H. H. B. Pierce have arrived in Washington for a visit.

The next weekly dance to be given by the enlisted men of the First Battalion of Engineers, at the Washington Barracks, will be on Wednesday evening, November 24, instead of on Thursday. The Thursday dances will be resumed December 2, and will continue so until further notice.

Miss Adelaide Heath, who was to have been presented to society by her god mother, Miss Clementine Smith, at a tea this afternoon, will not make her debut until December 15. Miss Smith was detained in Waterbury, Conn., by a slight automobile accident.

## What's on the Program Tonight in Washington

Meeting of North Capitol and Eckington Citizens' Association in St. Martin's Hall, North Capitol and T streets, at 7:30 p. m.

Meeting of Central Labor Union in Typographical Temple, at 8 p. m.

Concert by St. Cecilia's Choir, of National Park Seminary, at Forest Glen, Md., at 8 p. m.

Lecture by Mrs. Philip Snowden, "Suffragist, Not Suffragette," at old Masonic Temple, at 8 p. m.

### Theaters.

National—Battle Williams in "Detective Sparks," at 8:15 p. m.

Belasco—"King of Cadonia," at 8:20 p. m.

Columbia—Theodore Roberts in "The Barrier," at 8:15 p. m.

Chase & Vaudeville, at 8:15 p. m.

Academy—"The Brand of a Thief," at 8:15 p. m.

Majestic—Moving pictures and vaudeville.

The last reading, which will be from Lyceum—"Broadway Gaiety Girls," at 8:15 p. m.

Gaiety—"The Trocadero," at 8:15 p. m.

## Mrs. Paschal Hostess At Chevy Chase Club

Mrs. S. S. Paschal entertained informally at a tea at the Chevy Chase Club yesterday afternoon in compliment to her niece, Miss Ruth Pilling, who made her debut at a tea Saturday afternoon given by her mother, Mrs. James C. Pilling.

Mrs. Paschal was assisted by Mrs. James C. Pilling, Mrs. Ormsby McCammon, Mrs. Charles Johnston, Mrs. James Mitchell, Mrs. John Church, Mrs. George H. C. Church, of Great Barrington, Mass., and Mrs. James Morris Morgan.

Senator and Mrs. W. Murray Crane, who have spent the summer and autumn season at their villa in Dalton, Mass., will close it tomorrow and return to Washington for the winter season.

Miss Emily Tupper, who has as her guest, at Red Lion Inn, Stockbridge, Mass., Miss Grace Sedgwick, of New York, will return to Washington shortly for several weeks. Miss Tupper will winter season at her villa in Stockbridge.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Moses have arrived at the Virginia Hot Springs for several weeks.

### Miss Draper To Make Debut.

Miss Margaret Preston Draper, daughter of Gen. and Mrs. William F. Draper, will have the distinction of having two "coming out" parties. General and Mrs. Draper will give a Christmas ball for her on the night of December 23 in their K street residence, and on the afternoon of January 4, they will entertain at a tea.

Mrs. David Jayne Hill will receive Thursday afternoon at the Arlington Hotel, where she and the ambassador have taken an apartment during their stay in Washington.

### Sydney Beckley To Give Dramatic Readings.

A series of dramatic readings will be given by Sydney Beckley in Washington. The first, which will be on November 24, will be at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hinckley, 1523 Sixteenth street.

The second of the series will be "Enoch Arden" from Lord Tennyson, with music by Richard Strauss, and will be in the home of Dr. and Mrs. Duncan McKim, 101 Eighteenth street.

Mrs. Albert Clifford Barney has kindly loaned her residence at 238 Eighteenth street for the third of these readings, which will be from Swinburne.

Ernest Dowson's phantasy, "The Pierrot of the Minute," and a sketch by Mrs. Burton Harrison will be the fourth reading, which will be in the home of Mrs. Burton Harrison, 1901 I street.

On January 5 the reading will be at the home of Rear Admiral and Mrs. Robby Evans, 224 Ithaca avenue.

The last reading, which will be from Lord Lytton, "The Lady of Lyons," will be on January 11. The place of the reading will be announced later.

### Start Rehearsals For Mrs. Barney's New Play.

Rehearsals for Mrs. Barney's new play, to be given for the benefit of the Industrial work for Noel House about the middle of December, are now being held. Among those who will be in the cast are Miss Marguerite Barbour, Miss Katherine Britton, Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Mary Chew, Miss Louise Cromwell, Miss Jean Crosby, Miss Duryee, the Misses Downing, Miss Earle, Mrs. Hinkley, Miss Sophie Johnston, Miss Jessie Krogstad, Miss Mary McCauley, Miss Anne Irwin, Miss Pauline Noyes, Miss Ruggles, Miss Olga Roosevelt, Miss Margaret Cotton Smith, Miss Jane Sands, Miss Stevens, Miss Allen Shepard, Miss Storey, Miss Jean Loring, Miss Stead, Miss Calvo, Miss Goodwin, Miss Pilling and Miss Davidge.

Miss Ethel DeKoven and Miss Miller will take leading parts.  
The patronesses are Baroness Hengelmüller, Mrs. Jusserand, Mrs. Lutz Alder, Mrs. Audenried, Mrs. Edson, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Henry Brown, Mrs. Boardman, Mrs. Richardson, Mrs. Chetard, Mrs. Depeux, Mme. de Quesada, Mrs. Dryden, Mrs. Epps, Mrs. Glover, Mrs. Giff, Mrs. Jenkins, Mrs. McGowan, Mrs. McMillan, Mrs. Clarence Moore, Mrs. Pinchot, Mrs. Francis Riggs, Mrs. Robeson, Mrs. Symonds, Mrs. Travers, Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. Beekman Winthrop, Mrs. Gardiner Williams and Mrs. Norman Williams.

## Miss Marguerite Barbour Entertains Miss Noble at Luncheon Today.

## Dinner Party in Honor of Ambassador and Mrs. Hill.

Miss Marguerite Barbour, daughter of Mrs. James F. Barbour, was hostess at a luncheon today in compliment to Miss David Yulee Noble, whose marriage to Lieut. Sherman Miles, U. S. A., takes place Wednesday at noon. The guests in addition to Miss Noble were Miss Elizabeth Parker, Miss Gladys Hinkley, Miss Olga Roosevelt, Miss Laura Merriam, Miss Esther Denny, Miss Mary Scott, Miss Marie Duryee, Miss Katharine Britton, Miss Joanna Schroeder, Miss Sophie Johnston, Miss Adelaide Hearn, Miss Elsie Downing, Miss Dorothy Williams, Miss Lenore Finley, Miss Mary Chew, Miss Ruth Pilling, and Miss Katharine Read.

John Barrett, director of the Bureau of International Repair, will entertain a large party at dinner this evening in honor of the American Ambassador to Germany and Mrs. David Jayne Hill. Mr. Barrett will take his guests afterward to the theater.

### Misses Mellon Return for Winter.

The Misses Mellon, who have spent the summer season at Bar Harbor and the autumn season at the Virginia Hot Springs, have arrived in Washington and have opened their apartment in the Connecticut for the winter.

Miss Caroline Brownson, daughter of Rear Admiral and Mrs. Brownson, entertained a party informally at luncheon today in her home, 1511 N street.

Senator and Mrs. Lodge and Mrs. George Cabot Lodge and her children, who spent the summer at their summer place near Nahant, have arrived in Washington for the winter season.

Baroness Hengelmüller, wife of the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, held her usual Sunday afternoon reception yesterday in the embassy and was greeted by a large number of members of the Diplomatic Corps.

### Mrs. Bensingers Entertains at Euchre.

The weekly euchre met at the home of Mrs. Samuel Bensingers in the Dupont apartment, Saturday evening. The guests were Mrs. Louis Newmyer, Mrs. Z. Strasburger, Mrs. Julia Luchs, Mrs. M. Goldsmith, Mrs. Addie Sigmund, Mrs. J. Kronheim, and Mrs. M. Langford, of Atlanta, Ga.

Mrs. B. Fleishman and Mrs. A. Wurtzburger, both of Atlantic City, who were the guests of Mrs. Simon Kann, have returned to their home.

Mrs. Benjamin Held, of 697 I street northwest, was at home Friday afternoon, in honor of Mrs. Joseph Kohler, of New York city. Mrs. Held was assisted in receiving by Mrs. William Michels and Miss Helene Hoffa. A buffet luncheon was served in the dining room.

Miss Myra Spandau, of Fayetteville, N. C., was the guest of Miss Rena Fisher for a few days en route to Baltimore and Norfolk, Va.

Mr. Kirschbaum, of Indianapolis, Ind., is the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Simon Lyon, of the Ontario apartment.

Charles Heilbrunn, of Indianapolis, Ind., is visiting relatives for a short stay.

## Army and Navy Service Orders

### ARMY.

At the request of the governor of Idaho, Major CHARLES B. HARRIS, 10th Cavalry, to reserve torpedos, will report to the governor of Idaho at Boise, Idaho, for duty.

Chaplain JOSEPH C. KENNEDY is assigned to the 2d Infantry. He will proceed to Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

### NAVY.

Lieutenant S. HANCOCK, detached on staff of the commander in chief, U. S. Atlantic fleet, and granted sick leave two months.

Ensign R. V. LOWE, detached, Poudre, to home and granted leave one month.

Ensign S. DANNENHOWER, detached, Tarrant, to Viper as commanding officer.

Ensign R. A. WHITE, detached command Viper, to Kansas.

Midshipman C. A. HARRIS, detached Montana, to reserve torpedos, navy yard, Charleston, S. C.

Midshipman H. A. STRAUSS, detached Georgia, to reserve torpedos, navy yard, Charleston, S. C.

Midshipman G. A. DUNCAN, detached Connecticut, to reserve torpedos, navy yard, Charleston, S. C.

Midshipman F. H. BARCOCK, detached New Hampshire, to reserve torpedos, navy yard, Charleston, S. C.

Midshipman N. R. VAN DER VEER, detached Rhode Island, to reserve torpedos, navy yard, Charleston, S. C.